Self Assessment Paper

Section 'A'

Questions 1 to 10 carry one mark each. Choose the correct answer from the alternatives given.

- 1. The decimal expansion of the number $\sqrt{2}$ is
 - (a) a finite decimal
 - **(b)** 1.41421
 - (c) non-terminating recurring
 - (d) non-terminating non-recurring

OR

The number 3.24636363... is

(a) an integer

(b) a rational number

(c) an irrational number

- (d) None of these
- 2. If x^{51} + 51 is divided by x + 1, the remainder is
 - (a) 0.

(b) 1.

(c) 49.

(d) 50.

OR

If (x + 1) is a factor of the polynomial $(x - 1)(2x^2 + 4x + p)$, then the value of p is

(a) 1

(b) -1

(c) -2

(d) 2

- 3. Point (0, -7) lies
 - (a) on the *x*-axis.
 - (b) in the second quadrant.
 - (c) on the *y*-axis.
 - (d) in the fourth quadrant.
- **4.** The graph of y = 6 is a line
 - (a) parallel to x-axis at distance 6 units from the origin.
 - **(b)** parallel to *y*-axis at distance 6 units from the origin.
 - **(c)** making an intercept 6 on the *x*-axis.
 - (d) making an intercept 6 on both the axes.
- 5. $\triangle ABC$ has

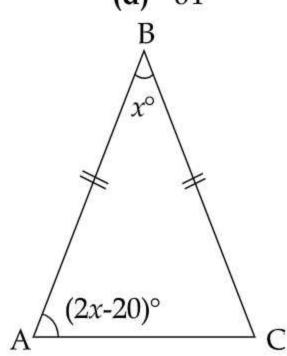
AB = BC, $\angle B = x^{\circ}$ and $\angle A = (2x - 20)^{\circ}$. Then, the measure of $\angle B$ is

(a) 30°

(b) 40°

(c) 44°

(d) 64°



If one of the angles of a triangle is 130°, then the angle between the bisectors of the other two angles can be:

(a) 50°

(b) 65°

(c) 145°

(d) 155°

6. If diagonals of a quadrilateral bisect each other at right angles, then it is a

(a) Parallelogram

(b) Rectangle

(c) Rhombus

(d) Trapezium

7. The dimensions of a cuboid are a, b, c units, its volume is V cubic units and its whole surface area is S sq. units. Then, $\frac{1}{V}$ is

(a) $\frac{S}{2}(a+b+c)$

(b) $\frac{2}{S} \left(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{c} \right)$

(c) 2S(a+b+c)

(d) $\frac{2S}{(a+b+c)}$.

8. This record of a weather station shows that out of the past 250 consecutive days, its weather forecasts were correct 175 times. Then, the probability that on a given day the forecast was correct, is

(a) 0.3

(b) 0.7

(c) 0.4

(d) 1

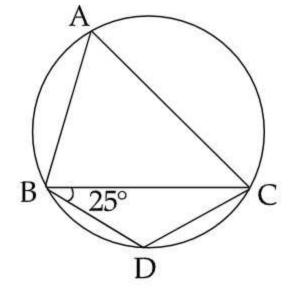
9. In the figure, if BD = DC and $\angle DBC = 25^{\circ}$, then the measure of $\angle BAC$ is

(a) 80°

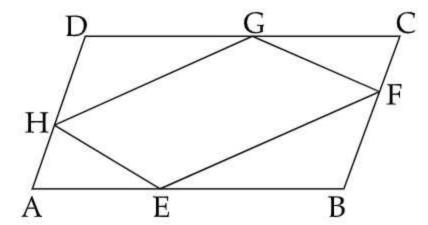
(b) 100°

(c) 50°

(d) 110°



10. If E, F, G and H are the mid-points of sides of a parallelogram ABCD then ar (EFGH) = _____.



(a) $\frac{1}{3}$ ar(ABCD)

(b) ar (ABCD)

(c) $\frac{1}{2}$ ar(ABCD)

(d) $\frac{1}{4}$ ar(ABCD)

Questions 11 to 15 carry one mark each. State true or false.

11. Difference of two irrational numbers is not always irrational

OR

 $2\sqrt{3}$ is a real number

12. The statements that are proved are called axioms.

13. The area of equilateral triangle with side 8 cm is $16\sqrt{3}$ cm²

OR

The sum of interior angles of a hexagon is 720°

14. The adjacent angles of a parallelogram can be both acute.

15. The median divides a triangle into two congruent triangles.

Questions 16 to 20 carry one mark each

- **16.** Find the value of k if x + 2 is a factor of $2x^2 3kx + 2$
- **17.** If the angles $(2x 10)^{\circ}$ and $(x 5)^{\circ}$ are complementary, find x.
- **AI** 18. In quadrilateral ABCD, $\angle A + \angle D = 180^{\circ}$. What special name can be given to this quadrilateral.
 - **19.** The perimeter of a triangle is 36 cm and its sides are in the ratio a : b : c = 3 : 4 : 5, then find the value of a, b, c respectively.
- [AI] 20. If the height and the radius of cone is tripled, then find ratio of volume of new cone and that of original.

OR

A sphere is inscribed in a cube. Find the ratio of the volume of the cube to the volume of the sphere.

OR

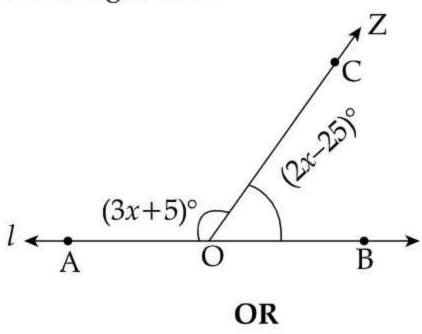
Section 'B'

Questions 21 to 26 carry 2 marks each

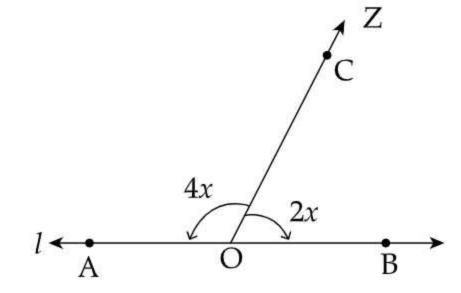
21. Insert three rational numbers between $-\frac{1}{3}$ and $-\frac{2}{3}$.

Express $\frac{312}{125}$ in the decimal form and state whether it is terminating or not.

- **22.** Show that of all the line segments drawn from a given point to a line, not on it, the perpendicular line segment is the shortest.
- **23.** What value of *x* will make AOB a straight line?



l is a line $\angle AOC = 4x$ and $\angle BOC = 2x$. Find the value of x.



- **24.** *ABC* is an isosceles triangle with AB = AC. Draw $AP \perp BC$. Show that $\angle B = \angle C$.
- **25.** A match box measures $4 \text{ cm} \times 2.5 \text{ cm} \times 1.5 \text{ cm}$. What will be the volume of a packet containing 12 such boxes?
- 26. Calculate mean of prime numbers lying between 6 and 20.

Questions 27 to 34 carry 3 marks each

27. Factorize : $a^9 + b^9 + 3a^6b^3 + 3a^3b^6$

28. Find the coordinates of the points where the line representing the equation $\frac{x}{4} = 1 - \frac{y}{6}$ cuts the *x*-axis and the *y*-axis.

[AI] 29. Plot the following points and check whether these are collinear or not.

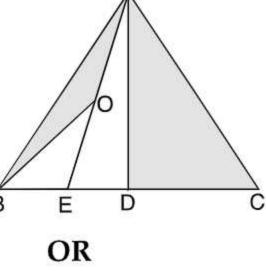
$$(4, -4), (3, -3), (-2, 2), (-1, 1)$$

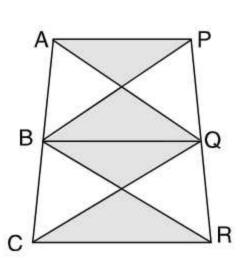
Verify your answer by locating these points in cartesian plane.

[AI] 30. Show that the diagonals of a square are equal and bisect each other at right angles.

31. *D* is the mid-point of side *BC* of $\triangle ABC$ and E is the mid-point of *BD*. If O is the mid-point of *AE*, then

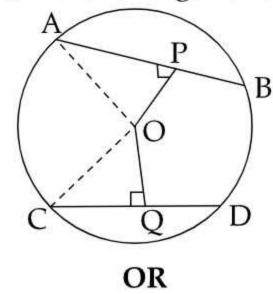
prove that ar
$$(\Delta BOE) = \frac{1}{8} \operatorname{ar} (\Delta ABC)$$
.





In the given figure, $AP \mid \mid BQ \mid \mid CR$. Prove that ar (AQC) = ar (PBR).

32. In the figure, AB and CD are two chords of a circle with centre O at a distance of 6 cm and 8 cm from O. If the radius of the circle is 10 cm, find the length of chords.



Two circles of radii 5 cm and 3 cm intersect at two points and the distance between their centres is 4 cm. Find the length of the common chord.

33. The sides of a triangular field are 51 m, 37 m and 20 m. Find the number of rose beds that can be prepared in the field if each rose bed occupies a space of 6 sq. m.

34. Following is the data about the months of birth of 40 students in class IX:

Feb, Jan, July, June, March, Feb, Feb, Feb, Nov, Jan, Jan, Dec, May, June, June, July, June, Nov, Dec, June, July, June, Aug, Dec, June, Mar, July, July, June, Dec, Sep, Mar, Jan, Dec, June, Dec, Sep, March, Jan, Nov.

One student is chosen at random. Find the probability that the student chosen:

(i) was born in June.

(ii) was not born in the month of June.

OR

Given below is the frequency distribution of salary (in rupees) of 80 workers in a factory.

Salary (in ₹)	No. of workers
1000 - 2000	12
2000 - 3000	18
3000 - 4000	22
4000 - 5000	28

If a worker is selected at random, find the probability that his salary is

- (i) Less than ₹ 3000
- (ii) More than or equal to ₹ 1000
- (iii) More than or equal to ₹ 2000 but less than ₹ 4000.

Section 'D'

Questions 35 to 40 carry 4 marks each

AI 35. Find a and b, if
$$\frac{2\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3}} + \frac{2\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3}} = a + \sqrt{15}b$$
.

OR

If
$$\frac{9^{n+1} \times \left[3^{-n/2}\right]^{-2} - 27^n}{(3^m \times 2)^3} = \frac{1}{729}$$
. then, prove that $m - n = 2$.

- **AI** 36. Divide polynomial $p(x) = 2x^4 + 3x^3 2x^2 9x 2$ by $q(x) = x^2 3$ and find what should be subtracted from p(x) so that it is divisible by q(x).
 - 37. Solve the equation 3x + 4 = 5x + 8 and represent the solution on (i) the number line (ii) the cartesian plane. What do you get as the representation of the solution on the cartesian plane? In cartesian planes, how many solutions this equation have?

AI 38. Give Reasons:

- (i) Construction of an angle of 22.5° is possible with the help of ruler and compass.
- (ii) It is not possible to construct a $\triangle ABC$, given that BC = 7 cm, $\angle B = 45^{\circ}$ and AB AC = 10 cm.
- (iii) It is possible to construct an angle of 67.5° using ruler and compass.
- (iv) Construction of $\triangle DEF$, if EF = 5.5 cm, $\angle E = 75^{\circ}$ and DE DF = 2 cm is possible.
- **39.** A solid cylinder has total surface area 462 cm². Its curved surface area is one third of its total surface area. Find :
 - (i) its radius.
 - (ii) its height.
 - (iii) its volume.

OR

A closed cubical box of inner edge 20 cm is made up of wood of thickness 2 cm. Find the :

- (i) Volume of the wood used to make it.
- (ii) Volume of air trapped in it.
- 40. Draw a histogram of the weekly expenses of 125 students of a school given below:

Weekly Pocket Expenses (in ₹)	Number of Students
0 - 10	10
10 - 20	20
20 - 30	10
30 - 40	15
40 - 70	30
70 - 100	40