Sample Question Paper

Section 'A'

Question 1 to 10 carry 1 mark each. Each question has four alternative answers of which only one is correct. Choose the correct answer.

AI 1. A rational number between $\sqrt{2}$ and $\sqrt{3}$ is

(a)
$$\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}{2}$$

(b)
$$\frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

OR

(c) 1.5

(d) 1.8

 $\pi - 2$ is

(a) a rational number

an irrational number (b)

(c) a prime number

(d) none of these

AI 2. The coefficient of x^2 in $(3x^2 - 5)(4 + 4x^2)$

(a) 12

(b) 5

(c) -8

(d) 9

OR

If a + b + c = 0, then factor of the expression $[(a + b)^3 + (b + c)^3 + (c + a)^3]$ is :

(a) abc

(b) a + b + c

(c) ab + bc + ca

(d) (a + b)

3. Point (-10, 0) lies

(a) on the negative direction of the *x*-axis. (b) on the negative direction of the *y*-axis.

(c) in the third quadrant.

(d) in the fourth quadrant.

4. If (2, 0) is a solution of the linear equation 2x + 3y = k, then the value of k is

(a) 4.

(b) 6.

(c) 5.

(d) 2.

OR

If the point (3, a) lies on the line represented by the linear equation, 2x - 3y = 5, then the value of a is:

(a) $\frac{1}{3}$

(c) $\frac{1}{4}$

(c) 1

5. It is given that $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle FDE$ and AB = 5 cm, $\angle B = 40^{\circ}$ and $\angle A = 80^{\circ}$. Then which of the following is true?

(a) DF = 5 cm, \angle F = 60°

(b) DF = 5 cm, \angle E = 60°

(c) DE = 5 cm, \angle E = 60°

(d) DE = 5 cm, \angle D = 40°

6. The radius of a sphere is 4r, and then its volume will be

- 7. In a sample study of 642 people, it was found that 514 people have a high school certificate. If a person is selected at random, the probability that the person has a high school certificate is
 - (a) 0.5.

(b) 0.6.

(c) 0.7.

(d) 0.8.

OR

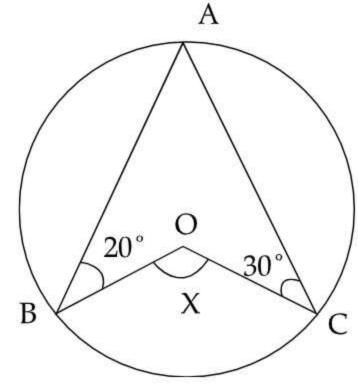
In Fig given if O is the centre of a circle, $\angle ABO = 20^{\circ}$ and $\angle ACO = 30^{\circ}$, where A,B,C are point on the circle. The value of *x* is

(a) 120°

130° (b)

(c) 100°

150° (d)

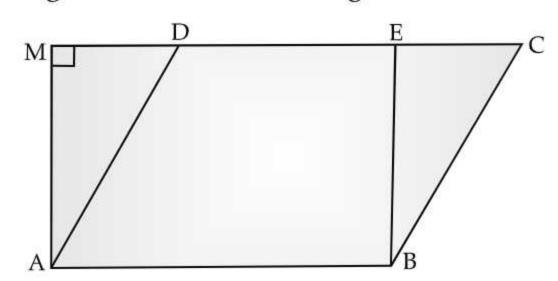


- **8.** The angles of a quadrilateral are in the ratio 3 : 4 : 5 : 6. The respectively angles of the quadrilateral are
 - (a) 60°, 80°, 100°, 120°

(b) 120°, 100°, 80°, 60°

(c) 120° , 60° , 80° , 100°

- (d) 80°, 100°, 120°, 60°
- 9. In the given figure, if parallelogram ABCD and rectangle ABEM are of equal area, then



- (a) Perimeter of ABCD = Perimeter of ABEM. (b) Perimeter of ABCD < Perimeter of ABEM.
- (c) Perimeter of ABCD > Perimeter of ABEM. (d) Perimeter of ABCD = $\frac{1}{2}$ (Perimeter of ABEM).
- **10.** ABCD is a cyclic quadrilateral such that AB is a diameter of the circle circumscribing it and $\angle ADC =$ 140°, then $\angle BAC$ is equal to
 - (a) 80°

50° (b)

(c) 40°

(d) 30°

Questions 11 to 15 carry one mark each

11. What is the degree of polynomial $\sqrt{3}$?

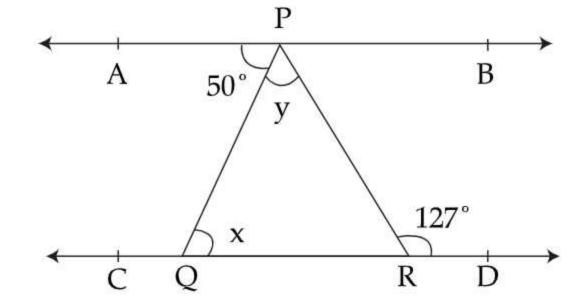
OR

If
$$x^2 + kx + 6 = (x+2)(x+3)$$
. Find k.

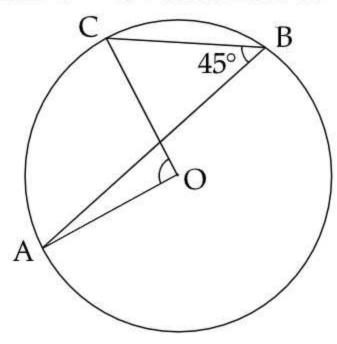
AI 12. Two supplementary angles are in ratio 2 : 7. Find the measures of angles.

OR

In fig. if AB | | CD, \angle APQ = 50° and \angle PRD = 127°, find x and y.



- **13.** Two opposite angles of a parallelogram are $(3x 2)^\circ$ and $(50 x)^\circ$. Find the measure of each angle of the parallelogram.
- 14. The semi-perimeter of a equilateral triangle is 45 cm, find the area of equilateral triangle.
- **AI** 15. O is the centre of the circle and $\angle ABC = 45^{\circ}$. Find $\angle AOC$.



Questions 16 to 20: State true or false.

16. π is an irrational number

In
$$5^{6x} = 125^2$$
, then $x = 1$

17. Diagonals of a parallelogram are perpendicular to each other.

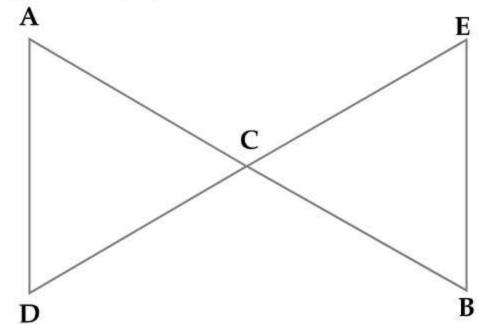
OR

- **AI** 18. Area of triangle with sides 4 cm, 5 cm and 6 cm is 15 square units
 - 19. The edges of a surface are lines
 - **20.** Area of a triangle is $b \times h$

Section 'B'

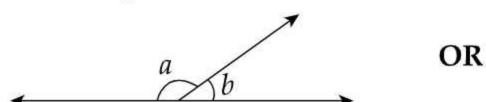
Question number 21 to 26, carry 2 marks each.

- **21.** Represent $0.\overline{35}$ in the form $\frac{p}{q}$, where p and q are integers. **OR** Evaluate : $16^{\frac{3}{4}}$
- \mathbf{AI} 22. In the given figure AC = DC, CB = CE, show that AB = DE.



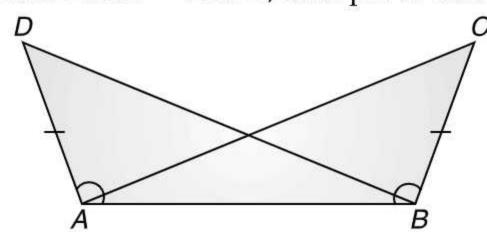
Write Euclid's axiom to support this.

23. In the given figure, *a* is greater than *b* by $\frac{1}{6}$ of a straight angle. Find the values of *a* and *b*.



The angles of a triangle are in the ratio 5:3:7. Show that the triangle is acute angled triangle.

AI 24. In given fig., AD = BC and $\angle BAD = \angle ABC$, then prove that $\angle ACB = \angle BDA$.

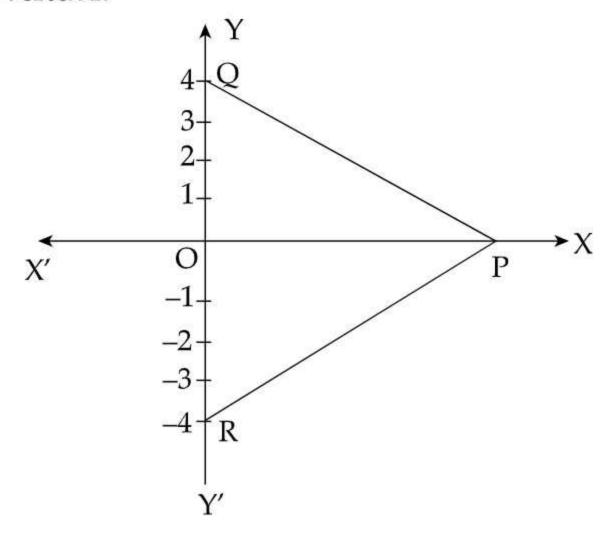


- 25. What is the radius and curved surface area of a cone made from a quadrant of a circle of radius 28 cm?
- **AI** 26. Find the mean of the first ten prime numbers.

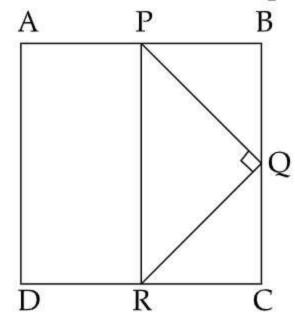
Section 'C'

Question 27 to 34, carry 3 marks each

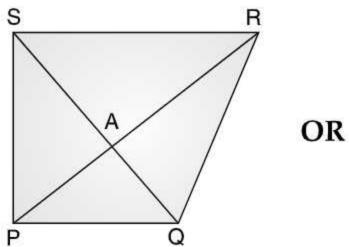
- 27. Check whether 7 + 3x is a factor of $3x^3 + 7x$.
- **AI** 28. Draw a triangle whose sides are represented by x = 0, y = 0 and x + y = 3 in the Cartesian system. Also find the co-ordinates of its vertices.
 - **29.** PQR is an equilateral triangle with the coordinates of Q and R as (0, 4) and (0, –4) respectively. Find the coordinates of the vertex P.



AII 30. ABCD is a square. If $\angle PQR = 90^{\circ}$ and PB = QC = DR, prove that $\angle QPR = 45^{\circ}$.

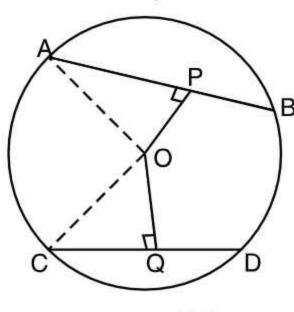


AI 31. Diagonals PR and QS of quadrilateral PQRS intersect each other at A. Show that ar $(\Delta PSA) \times ar (\Delta QAR) = ar (\Delta PAQ) \times ar(\Delta SAR)$



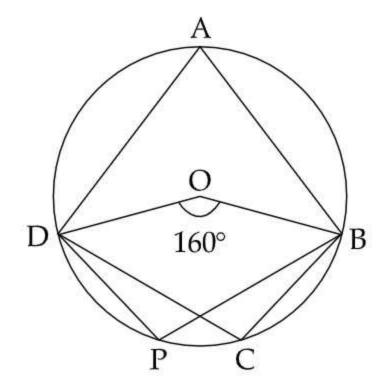
Show that the diagonals of a parallelogram divide it into four triangles of equal area.

32. In the given figure, AB and CD are two chords of a circle with centre O at a distance of 6 cm and 8 cm from O. If the radius of the circle is 10 cm, find the length of chords.

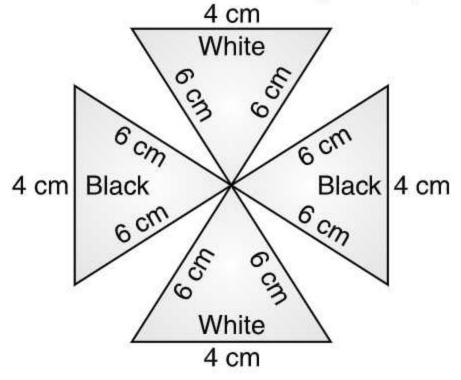


OR

In figure, ABCD is a cyclic quadrilateral; O is the centre of the circle. If $\angle BOD = 160^{\circ}$, find the measure of $\angle BPD$.



AI 33. Black and white coloured triangular sheets are used to make a toy as shown in figure. Find the total area of black and white colour sheets used for making the toy.



- **34.** Cards marked with numbers 2 to 101 are placed in a box and mixed thoroughly. One card is drawn from this box. Find the probability that the number on the card is:
 - (a) a number less than 14
 - (b) a number which is a perfect square
 - (c) a prime number less than 29

OR

Three coins are tossed simultaneously 400 times and following frequencies of the outcomes were recorded

Outcomes	3 heads 2 heads		1 head	no head
Frequencies	103	124	98	x

- (i) Find the probability of getting no head
- (ii) Find the probability of getting one head
- (iii) Find the probability of getting exactly two heads

Section 'D'

Question 35 to 40 carry 4 marks each

- **AI** 35. Express $0.6 + 0.\overline{7} + 0.4\overline{7}$ in the form $\frac{p}{q}$, where p and q are integers and $q \neq 0$.
 - **36.** Verify if -2 and 3 are zeroes of the polynomial $2x^3 3x^2 11x + 6$. Hence factorise the polynomial.

OR

The polynomials $ax^3 - 3x^2 + 4$ and $2x^3 - 5x + a$ when divided by x - 2, leave the remainders p and q respectively. If p - 2q = 4, Find the value of a.

AI 37. Cost of 1 pen ₹ *x* and that of a pencil is ₹ *y*. Cost of 2 pens and 3 pencils together is ₹ 18. Write a linear equation which satisfies this data. Draw the graph for the same.

- 38. Construct a triangle XYZ in which $\angle Y = 30^{\circ}$, $\angle Z = 90^{\circ}$ and XY + YZ + ZX = 11 cm.
- 39. The frame of a lampshade is cylindrical in shape. It has base diameter 28 cm and height 17 cm. It is to be covered with a decorative cloth. A margin of 2 cm is to be given for folding it over top and bottom of the frame. If $\frac{1}{12}$ of cloth is wasted in cutting and pasting, find how much cloth is required to be purchased for covering the frame.

OR

- The capacity of a cuboidal tank is 50,000 litres of water. Find the breadth of the tank, if its length and depth are respectively 2.5 m and 10 m.
- **1140.** Consider the marks out of 100, obtained by 50 students of a class in a test, given as below.

Marks	0 - 20	20 - 40	40 - 60	60 - 80	80 - 100
Number of Students	15	10	10	11	4

Draw a frequency polygon representing the data.

